

Implementation of
analgesic refinement in
rats used as models for
arthritis and
inflammatory pain

Klas Abelson
Associate Professor, PhD


UNIVERSITY OF COPENHAGEN



Previous project 2014-2016

UNIVERSITY OF COPENHAGEN Department of Experimental Medicine


Faculty of Health and Medical Sciences



Refinement of animal models of pain:

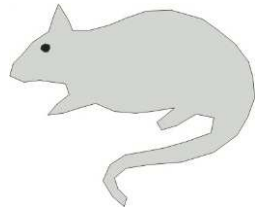
Establishment of strategies to alleviate avoidable pain in rat models for pain and inflammation

Klas Abelson
Associate Professor, PhD

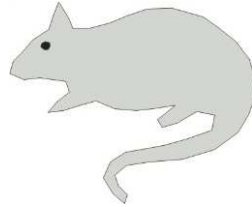


Klas Abelson, 3R-symposium Sept 13th 2016

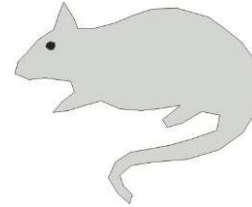
The hypothesis



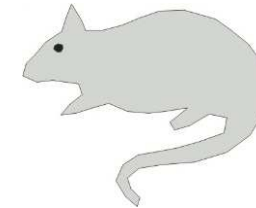
Control



Negative control:
Arthritis without pain relief



Positive control:
Arthritis with anti-inflammatory pain relief



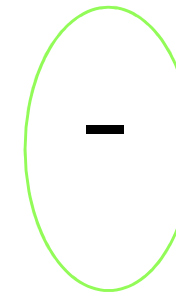
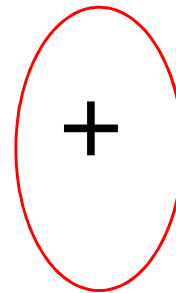
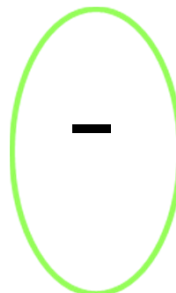
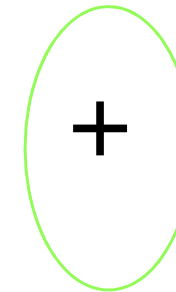
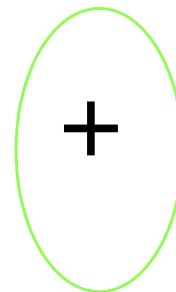
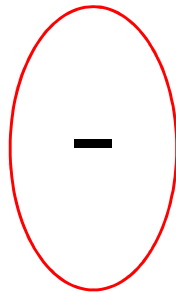
Arthritis with pain relief expected not to interfere with model parameters

Parameters for animal welfare:

- Welfare score
- Pain relief
- Stress reduction

Parameters relevant for the model:

- Arthritis score
- Cytokines
- Histopathologi



Conclusions from previous study

- ❑ Data indicate that there is no immediate justification to withhold buprenorphine analgesia to rats subjected to the applied monoarthritis model, in the present setup
- ❑ More studies are needed, to further improve the wellbeing of the animals
- ❑ More studies needed to improve the actual model, in order to focus the inflammation to the joint and avoid infiltration into surrounding tissue

New study



To screen various analgesic drugs for their effect on inflammatory pain, to determine which regimen that would be the most suitable

To refine and optimize the rat model for monoarthritis, by increasing the success rate with induction and minimizing adverse effects on surrounding tissues, irrelevant to the arthritis

To implement the most relevant analgesic regimen established in the optimized arthritis model

